

$$58 \quad || x-2 \mid x-8 \mid \stackrel{N1.}{-10} \mid \leq \mid x-4 \mid \leq 10 \mid \leq \mid -19 \mid \leq 19$$

$$58 \quad \emptyset \quad \frac{3}{6} + \frac{2}{6} + \frac{1}{6} = \frac{6}{6} = 1. \quad \stackrel{N2.}{}$$

Unkani: per 1 qumb.

$N3.$

$$y = ax + 1$$

$$y = x + a$$

$$y = 3$$

$$1) \quad y = x + a \mid \Rightarrow \quad x + a = 3$$

$$y = 3 \mid \quad x = 3 - a$$

$$2) \quad y = ax + 1 \mid \Rightarrow \quad ax + 1 = 3$$

$$y = 3 \mid \quad a(3-a) + 1 = 3$$

$$3a - a^2 + 1 - 3 = 0$$

$$a^2 - 3a + 2 = 0$$

$$a_1 + a_2 = 3 \mid a_1 = 2$$

$$a_1 + a_2 = 2 \mid a_2 = 1$$

3) Iyub  $a = 2$ , mager

$$y = 2x + 1$$

$$y = x + 2$$

$$y = 3$$

у) Пусть  $a = 1$ , тогда

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} y = x + 1 \\ y = x + 1 \end{array} \right\} \text{один и то же}$$

$$y = 3$$

Далее:  $a = 2$ .

а)  $\triangle ABC$ .

$AB$  - медиана,  $BC = CB$ ,  $\angle ABC = 120^\circ$ .

$$\angle ACB = 180 - \angle ABC = 180 - 120 = 60, \angle ACB = 60,$$

$$\angle B = 180 - \angle ACB - \angle ABC = 180 - 60 - 60 = 60$$

$- 60 = 60$ ,  $\triangle ABC$  равнобедренный,  $AB = BC$ .

$AD$ , но  $BD = CB$  знаем  $AD = CB$ ,  $\triangle ADC$

равнобедренный,  $\angle DAC = \angle C < 90^\circ$  ( $\angle C < 180 -$

$$\angle ADC. \angle BAC = ?$$

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